## Drove Truck Home Alone, Once

FIVE-YEAR-OLD AT MID-AMERICA, AT MID-CENTURY A rural Dakota farmer bought a small John Deere combine; Paid a bundle of cash for that early functional design. We ask you to think back to the mid-40s, not here and now In those years, a combine didn't set you back three hundred thou'! Adults could step up one step and look into the grain hopper. Our family gave it a nickname, the "Little Green Grasshopper. It mechanically combined the work of threshing crews to glean The standing grain. It was small, six-feet-wide, and John Deere green.

LITTLE GRUNTING GRAY ANT

Two years before, Dad had purchased what tractor he could afford. It was the small, but famous, 4-cylinder 2N Ford. It was the small, but famous, 4-cylinuer 2IN Foru.

Some people were perturbed and questioned and said, "You really can't Pull a combine, a pull-type combine, with a little gray ant! That mini-tractor just pulled and grunted and ground lts little engine wasn't blueprinted, balanced or ported. Its little engine wasn't bic fields of amber grain in the sunsh That mini-tractor just pulled and grunted and groaned and snorted It was man against his fields of amber grain in the sunshine, Between the dew and the rain, using an early days combine

EARLY COMBINE = FAREWELL TO THRESHING MACHINE AND CREW mbining did simplify that complicated threshing scene Of five teams, a stationary machine and crew of thirteen With every sunrise, he checked the clouds, the moisture and the wind; Needing to get his wheat, flax, barley and oats into the bin. Needing to get his wheat, flax, barley and oats into the bin. He would "coach" the wind, or breeze, asking it to blow chaff away; As with every 180-degree turn, it would blow his way. He'd space the wagon and '28 I-H truck by design, At each end of the field, so he could fill with grain from the combine

HAULING PRODUCE/GRAIN TO ELEVATOR IN TOWN OR GRANARY He could drive the truck home to the yard, then walk back to the field. His wife hauled that load of ag produce to town to sell the yield. The harvest was going fine (though hot and dry) and troubles were few. The truck was waiting in line for the drive-through and overdue. He's hoping for a sandwich. The sun had become burning hot. Some cold, wet lemonade, or cold well-water, would hit the spot. He's NOT at the mercy of threshing schedules, waiting in line. One performs what shockers and six-bundle pitchers did with his combine.

CAN'T DRIVE TWO HARVEST VEHICLES/HATCHING A PLAN He was grateful for the sun, rain, wheat fields, land, cattle and grain. consumers perceive the efforts at his end of the food chain? Running over the bill, he sees his son who comes to share his seat On the tractor (that's the safe place). He thought that event was neat. Dad finished harvesting that field and he knows he's out of luck. He can't drive the tractor and combine home and also drive the truck. To work the harvest by himself, he signed on the dotted line, Using ag production cash to buy that little green combine.

WHAT DO I HEAR? A 1928 I-H TRUCK?
THe harvest weather was very hot and dry, and it was late. Who's behind the truck steering wheel? Here's my version, I'll relate:
We'd completed the harn chores Wo'd have'd and it was late. We'd completed the barn chores. We'd hay'd and oats'd and milked the cows. Because other farm chores had to be accomplished anyhow. Mother had made the evening meal, then she put the stove on low We're occupied and unaware, toiling in the evening flow. (That's the daily talent show.) Akin to an assembly line? (That's the daily talent snow.) Akin to an assembly liner Youths filled in where needed. Dad spent more hours, pulling the combine

POULTRY IN MOTION? SQUAWK TALK SOUNDS AN ALERT Out in the barnyard, there was a loud and squawking commotion. That squawking was from thirty to forty poultry in motion. That squawking was from timely to lockly position, in my opinion, it was all of those birds of a feather. Those chickens hopped and flopped, and ran for cover altogether. I heard a deafening roar! That truck throttle was purposely stuck. It wasn't a bull roar. It was that old, faded, one-ton truck. Dad had put that old truck in gear so he could follow behind; With the little gray ant and a little green grasshopper combine.

AND WHAT TO MY WONDER EYES, I BEHOLD Dad had placed an illegal young driver behind the truck wheel, Guiding the truck over the hill (with a smile not concealed). With the old truck in super-low, he'd outrun him to the gate The speeding little gray ant, (that can't), outran him, so he'd wait To take over the steering wheel and drive the truck through the gate Piloting the truck, with a boyish grin, standing ramrod straight, Was an early day stand-up comic, with a smile so slick at nine Roaring at two miles per hour. He was outrun by a combine.

RECORDING THE RECORD: FIVE YEARS OLD Don't try this unless you are professional. They'll "click" their tongues, As "unsafe," in practice, letting a child drive, who was so young! At age 5, that may be a record or a shared record. It won't get an Academy Award with a youth on board. For this writer, you must be willing to "pardon my puns." My eyes observed a 5-year-old farm boy, drove home alone, once! Well, truthfully, he held the steering wheel and was on cloud nine. And doing his part, on the family farm, helping Dad combine.

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touched without being

the same-old cliche

Civil War novel--such

as women in the Civil

War, the border fights

Missouri, and of course,

DAY

AND

the Union and Confed-

around Kansas and

LISBON, N.D.--At 21 years old, Mattie Richardson has published her fifth children's historical fiction book. "Day and Night," about two horses in one of the most intriguing and heart-wrenching fights on American soil: the Civil War. Richardson aims to make history relevant and fun for kids, and "Day and Night

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erate Cavalry, as well doesn't fail to Get Your Copy Today! accomplish this goal. The two horses, brothers named Tucker and Shiloh, are separated at the beginning of the Civil War and follow their owners into the fight. Tucker gets sold to the Union Army and Shiloh finds himself redheadkid7@msn.com captured by a www.facebook.com/ young soldier appaloosy7 hoping to join By Mattie Richardson the Confeder-

ate cavalry. Along the way the two as what the humans meet interesting new thought about the war characters. learn about and why they were the the Civil War in the fighting.

border states, and find noted author of out just how personally conflicting the war "Horses and Mules in really is. Many subjects about the Civil War are

the Civil War." has read Richardson's book and says, "'North Dakota's Teen Author' has turned out a very entertaining juvenile novel about the Civil War's first year. As a longtime student of the Civil War and author

of "Horses and Mules in the Civil War," I was very pleasantly surprised to find the book so historically accurate...Scenes of the Battle of Pea Ridge and Shiloh are correctly described, the confusion and divisions over the war along Missouri's western border is depicted with understanding, and the experience of two horses in the war is presented in a believable manner. The young lady admirably did her research well. The narrators of the novel are two horses. one Union and one

Confederate, but the two principal human characters are also developed well. Throughout the characters are presented in a believ-

feeling. Entertaining for an adult reader, this book will be a great read for young audiences!

Mattie Richardson

has four other histori-

cal fiction novels, three of them told from the horse's point of view, about the Nez Perce Indian War, the Pony Express, and the Battle of the Alamo. She also has a young adult novel about a young musician during the Great Depression, Richardson wrote her first book at thirteen and published it at sixteen, and hasn't stopped writing since. She grew up in Sheldon, North Dakota where she spent her teenage years teaching herself to ride and care for horses, playing the fiddle, studying American history, and writing. Mattie Richardson's

books can be purchased at Amazon.com or email her personally at: redheadkid7@msn com. Check out her facebook page as well www.facebook.com/ appaloosy7.

## Building a Future in Racing

Races

nator

of Scales

Steward

stead – trainers

men's Bookkeeper

Mark Anderson - Clerk

David Hooper – Head

David Smith – Steward

James Lages – Steward

Continued from page 9

more. In the beginning I kind of knew things here and there [about racing], but to get out there and having a chance to see firsthand what happens in the morning and seeing all the equipment and getting your hands dirty – that helped." After winning the top scholarship at the National Racing Experience, Scheiding enrolled at Midwestern University in Arizona for her undergraduate

degree. She currently

Park, and plans attend

works at Canterbury

vet school to become a The Minnesota Quarter large animal veterinar-Horse Racing Association would like to thank the following individuals for assisting with the 2015 Youth Day at the

Youth Day at the Races doesn't just allow kids to spend a day at the race track. It builds a future for the horse racing industry by providing an immersive experience and opening doors for youth to be successful. They're not just learning about training, nutrition and how to read a race program. These youth are gaining an understanding and respect for our beautiful sport, and will hopefully go on to make it better than it already is.

Shawn Coady – Coady Photography Oscar Quirus - Swimming Pool Operator, Coady Photography Paul Allen - Track Announcer Doug Steiskal - MQHRA Jeff Maday - Media Lori Locken – MQHRA Relations Manager Amber and Jason Olm-Michelle Benson - Media Relations Assistant Colleen Hurlbert - MRC Patrice Underwood – Licensing Coordinator/ **HBPA Executive Director** Breeders' Fund Coordi-Denny Hall – Starter Jim Murray – Owner Tiffany Leggett - Horse-

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e's an aggressive horse," she said, "He attacked someone and ran them out of the round pen." This was my introduction to the horse that I was going to work with for a week.

As the other half of Reach Out to Horses® (ROTH) [Mancarella is married to Anna Twinney. internationally recognized holistic horsemanship clinician, and founder of Reach Out to Horses®] I've had the fortune of participating in almost all of our events over the years. Last year I was able to spend the week in one of my favorite courses, Reach Out to the Untouched Horse. In this wild horse experience, folks get to spend the week, one-on-one with a wild mustang, gentling him without ropes, chains, chutes, or any other tools of dominance. The tools are only communication, compassion and a methodology that Anna has perfected over many years and thousands of horses. With Anna's master teaching and coaching I was given seven days to help a mustang learn a new world, and hopefully show him that humans had a positive role to play in his life.

My mustang, though, didn't come untouched, straight from the BLM holding pens, as most of the horses in the event. He was previously adopted by a well-meaning couple, hoping to give him a second chance at life. So many people see the suffering these horses endure when they are traumatically rounded up from their homes, ripped from their family, and forced into holding pens. My horse was one of those, now over 50,000 horses, waiting for the "powers that be" to determine their fate. So this couple decided to rescue him, train him and give him a new home and a new life. They did what so many well-intentioned, but misinformed people do with a mustang. They treated a mustang like a horse. Big mistake.

One of the most common misconceptions is that a horse is a horse is a horse, and that mustangs are simply domestic horses in the wild. They are not. Mustangs are, in an equine way, what wolves are to dogs. They are wild animals, they are smart and they have an independent nature that can make I could do, the best thing I could them difficult, and downright

dangerous, to train if you don't

know what you are doing. Train a mustang like a domestic horse and vou never know what you are going to get other than, most likely, injured at some point.

They began my mustang's training, as many horses do, in the round pen. But when they attempted to get him to move he attacked them. He charged his handler and ran him out of the pen. Already branded with a bad reputation as a mustang, that was all they needed to see. Clearly this horse was dangerous and aggressive. The decision was made that he would be left alone in a pasture until they could find help.

Turns out, this course and I were that help. My job...turn this guy around. Change his mind. Gentle an aggressive horse. I ioined him in our

24' by 12' run and

he quickly moved as far away from me as he could, placing his head in the corner so I would not be able to approach him without entering his kick zone. If he didn't interact with me, perhaps I would leave him alone. When I presented him with food, he was bold enough to eat, even with me right

next to him. But touch, connection, was out of the question. Initially he didn't seem particularly aggressive. We wanted to see if his reputation was accurate. Anna assessed him and looked for his triggers. She found them and in response he double barreled towards her.

That was all we needed to see to know that this guy was for real! He made it perfectly clear: "Mess with me, and there are consequences."

I decided that, of all the training

## The Most Important Lesson I Ever Learned from a Horse By Vincent Mancarella

teach him, if anything, was that humans weren't all bad. I thought if I could convince him that I had value, that I could be trusted, perhaps he would be open to listening. That became my goal.

I worked slowly, giving him space, asking him to try a little bit at a time, consistently pushing the boundaries but never demanding more than I felt he could give. Days passed and I began to doubt if he would ever come

around. I wanted to push him,

to "just get the job done" and

get him gentled. But I knew that,

wouldn't work. And that voice in

my head that wanted to "fix" this

horse was nothing but pride. That

voice wanted to look good, accom-

plish something no one else could,

best interest in mind, but certainly

WIN! That voice had my ego's

I wondered how many horses,

over eons of time, had to suffer

at the hands of men and women

with these exact same thoughts.

mals (and humans) had to endure

wondered how much abuse ani-

due to ignorance, arrogance and

not the horse's.

not only was that dangerous, it

Finally, after four days, we touched for the first time. It was an exhilarating and emotional moment I'll never forget. For the first time, he was willing to see me, to give me a chance. I continued to work with him, slowly, showing him that his willingness to connect wasn't

a mistake. He relaxed more and

more with each day, and over the

pride. That thought kept me fo-

cused on my goal: value and trust.

course of the next three days I had him haltered and leading. The final day of leading was magical. He wasn't spooky, he didn't try to get away, or pull against the rope. He walked with me; a true partner.

> I only wished that I had another week with him, or even that I could take him home. I knew with more time, he would have come around. But I was happy with what we had accomplished, with what he had accomplished. He had come so far n a very short period of time.

finished the week with a great feeling of personal satisfaction. After all, my goal was to show him I had value and to gain his trust; and I had done that. But as I relected on my time with him, realized that I had learned so much more than a powerful horsemanship methodology. In fact my most important lesson had nothing to do with horsemanship. I realized, in that moment, that he wasn't an aggressive horse at all.

Horses are thrown into the "aggressive" label any time they lash out, attack, or injure someone, especially if it appears to be for "no reason." Although the reason may not be apparent to the human, it is perfectly clear to the horse

My horse wasn't aggressive, he was defensive. In his mind, he was put in a confined space by a human and chased, or even attacked by a human! He wasn't trying to kill anyone. He was defending himself. After all, if he was truly aggressive, then he would have attacked me at some point. But he didn't. Why? Because I gave him no reason to attack. I pushed him,

I asked him, I moved him out of his comfort zone. But he tried. He tried hard. He didn't want to hurt anyone, but he would defend himself if needed.

Don't get me wrong. I'm not saying all aggressive horses are secretly sweet little foals yearning to be understood. Sometimes that aggressive title fits. But if we callously label all troubled horses as aggressive, we not only give them a label that follows them for life, but we never give that horse the opportunity to be understood and possibly even find their way to a partnership with humans.

It wasn't an aggressive horse, but a lack of communication that was the real problem. I knew, in that moment, this dangerous horse gave me a gift I will always cherish. I taught him that I had value, that he could trust me. He taught me that every being has a reason to do what they do and simply categorizing any one, or any thing, as aggressive or dangerous tells more about me and my ignorance than it does about the being I am labeling. I taught him to be comfortable around humans, he taught me to truly see each individual for who they are, and not what I think they are. Finally, I taught him to accept the halter and to be led by the gentle and kind hand of a human. He taught me to keep my heart open and overcome prejudice, allowing me to help a troubled soul.

Who really taught who? Thank you, my friend.

Vincent Mancarella is the husband of internationally-recognized horsewoman Anna Twinney, and co-owner of Reach Out to Horses® (ROTH). Based in Elizabeth, Colo., ROTH is the only program of its kind anywhere in the world. Combining the horse's language, animal communication and the work of energy manipulation, Twinney and Reach Out to Horses® have created a comprehensive and highly effective training program that teaches people to truly become fluent in the language of the horse and create a genuine trustbased partnership between horse and human